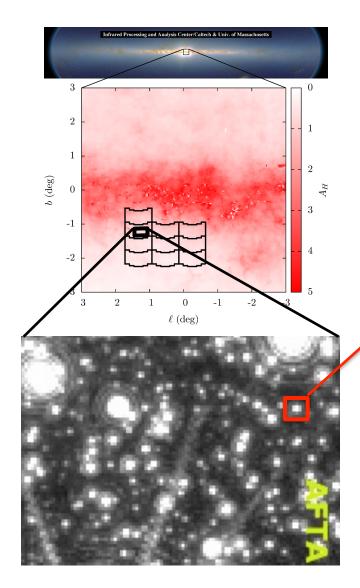
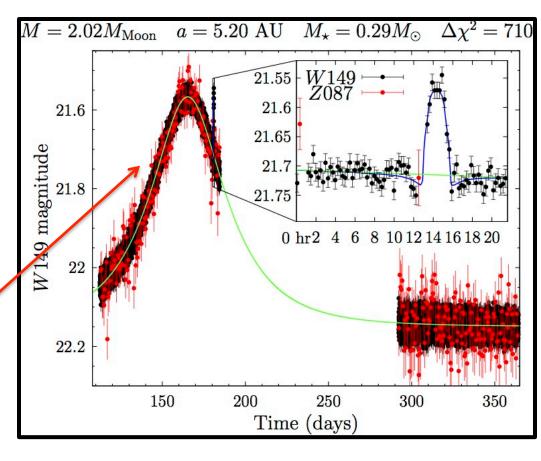
Auxiliary Science from the WFIRST-AFTA Microlensing Survey.

Scott Gaudi WFIRST-AFTA SDT Meeting November 21, 2014

(with input from A. Gould, D. Bennett, M. Penny)

Microlensing Survey.



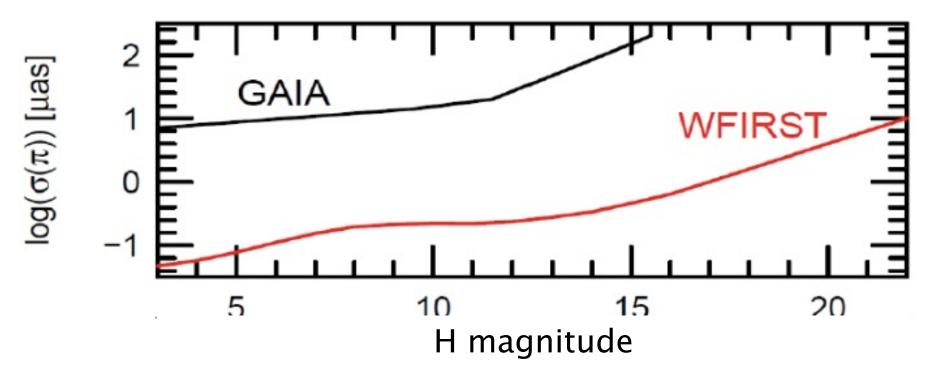


Microlensing Survey Dataset.

Properties.

- ~3 sq. deg.
- ~1 year total time.
- ~80% of the area will have ~2 million seconds of integration time.
- ~100 million stars down to H<22, with ~40,000 measurements per star (~10% in bluer filter), $N^{-1/2}$ = 1/200
- ~1 billion photons for a H=19.5 star.
- Incredible statistical power -> systematics, systematics, systematics.

WFIRST-AFTA Parallaxes.



- H<14.0; $\sigma(\pi)$ < 0.3 µas; 1,000,000 stars
- H<19.6; $\sigma(\pi)$ < 3.7 μ as; 40,000,000 stars
- H<21.6; $\sigma(\pi)$ < 10 µas; 120,000,000 stars

Gould et al. (2014)

Auxiliary Science Overview.

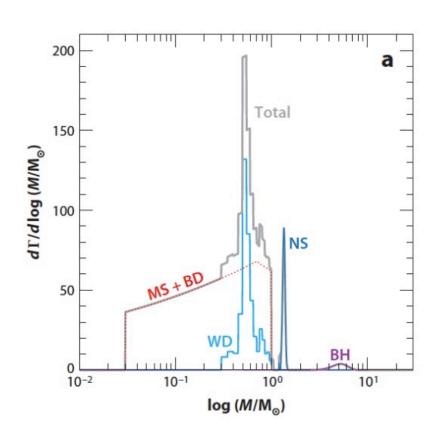
Topics:

- Microlensing Auxiliary Science.
- Planets.
- Stars.
- Galactic Structure.
- Solar System.

Caveat: Admixture of things that have and have not been thought about carefully.

Microlensing Auxiliary Science.

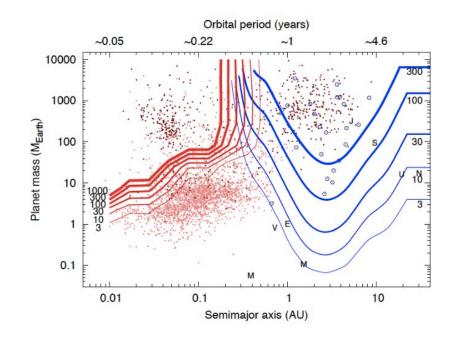
- Compact object mass function over ~8 orders of magnitude (Mars to ~30 M_{sun})
 - Binary mass and separation distributions.
 - Triple systems.
 - Remnant mass function.
- Optical depth.
- Limb darkening.



Gould (2000)

Planets.

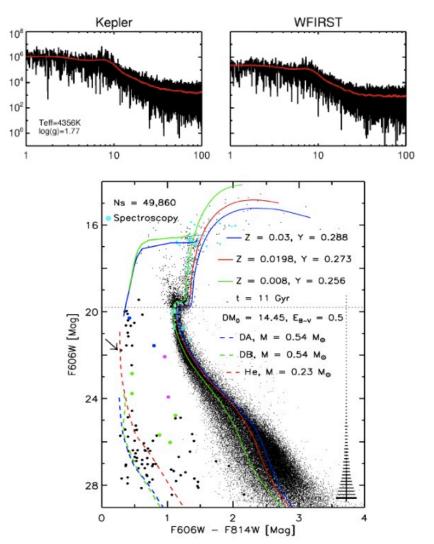
- Transiting planets.
 - $O(10^5)$ detections.
 - Sensitivity down to Neptunes.
 - Long periods via single transits.
- Astrometric planets.
 - σ_{π} ~0.3µas for H<14 (Gould et al. 2014)
 - $M>3M_J$ (a/AU)⁻¹ (d/kpc) at 10σ



McDonald et al. (2014) see also Bennett & Rhie (2002), Gould et al. (2014)

Stars.

- Asteroseismology of giants.
- Young stars & blue stragglers.
- Variables.
 - Flares, CVs, Novae, RRLyrae, Miras, ...
- Clusters.
- X-ray sources.
- Dark companions.
- White dwarfs.



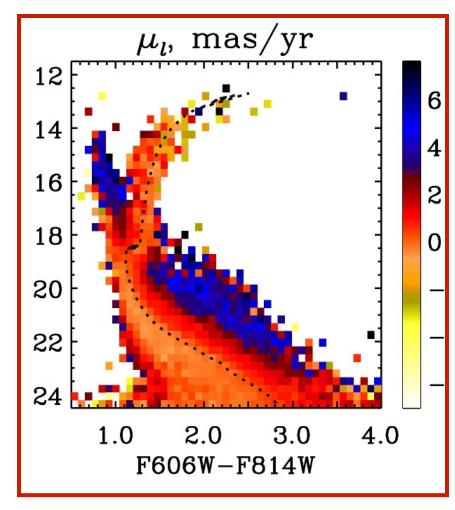
Gould et al. (2014), Calamida et al. (2014), Clarkson et al. (2011)

Galactic Structure.

- Parallaxes (<10%) and PM (<0.3%) for 10⁸ bulge and disk stars.
- T_{eff}, Metallicities, Luminosities & A_V from multicolor photometry.

• Science:

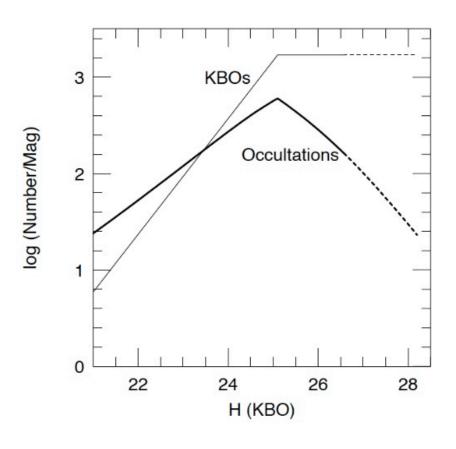
- Bulge mass and velocity distribution and bar structure.
- Disk and bulge dust distribution.
- Disk structure, velocity distribution.
- Metallicity and age distribution of bulge and disk.



See talk by M. Rich.

Solar System.

- Detect ~5000 KBOs down to H~28 (D~10 km) over ~17 deg²
- Fractional errors in orbital elements of a few %
- Binary companions down to H~29.
- ~1000 occultations.



Gould 2014

Related Projects.

- HST Galactic Bulge Treasury Program (PI T. Brown)
- Sagittarius Window Eclipsing Extrasolar Planet Search (Pl K. Sahu)
- Vista Variables in the Via Lactea (VVV, Minniti et al. 2010)
- Blanco DECam Bulge Survey (BDBS, Pl M. Rich)
- Japan Astrometry Satellite Mission for Infrared Exploration (JASMINE, Pl N. Gouda)
 - Nano-JASMINE (5cm mirror) launch 2015

Precursor Observations.

- With HST imaging of (a subset of?) bulge fields in bluer filters:
 - Metallicities, ages, distances, and foreground extinction for stars with WFIRST parallaxes and proper motions.
 - Test proper motion and astrometric microlensing measurements.
 - Locations and colors of stars in the microlensing fields with higher resolution and fidelity than WFIRST or Euclid.
 - Test pipeline.
- And/Or...
 - Subaru imaging?

- ...

WFIRST-AFTA Design and Survey Considerations.

- Calibration strategy.
- Slew/settle time & dither strategy.
- Bluer filter(s)?
- Absolute parallaxes?
 - Gaia.
 - Background QSOs.
- Associated GO programs.
 - Wider, shallower surveys.
 - Deeper exposures of target fields in bluer filters.

Summary/To Do.

- Potentially very rich dataset, for both microlensing and nonmicrolensing science, as well as for calibration of the detector.
- In order to take advantage of this dataset, we need to:
 - Think about what else might be done.
 - Work out (in detail) what can actually be done.
 - e.g., Astrometry/photometry on saturated stars.
 - Understand how and how well it can be used to calibrate the detector.
 - Figure out what additional measurements we might need to make now to maximally leverage this dataset for these purposes.
 - Marshall the troops!

References.

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"Stellar Proper Motions in the Galactic Bulge from Deep Hubble Space Telescope ACS WFC Photometry", Clarkson et al. 2008 http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008ApJ...684.1110C

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http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2010ApJ...725L..19B

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"ExELS: an exoplanet legacy science proposal for the ESA Euclid mission - II. Hot exoplanets and sub-stellar systems", McDonald et al. 2014

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JASMINE (PI N. Gouda)

http://www.scholarpedia.org/article/JASMINE